SYLLABUS FOR THE STUDY OF SELECTED TECHNIQUES OF MEDICAL PROCEDURES IN PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

A. General description of the	
CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION
Name of the subject	Selected Techniques of Medical Procedures in Primary Health Care
Department offering the subject	Department of Medical Simulation Faculty of Medicine Collegium Medicum in Bydgoszcz Nicolaus Copernicus University in Torun
Unit for which the subject is offered	Faculty of Medicine, Collegium Medicum NCU Field of study: Medicine Paid Full-Time Studies in English
Subject code	1600-LekM12PPOPOZ-J
ISCED code	0912
Number of ECTS points	1
Method of assessment	Graded credit as a part of module
Language of instruction	English
Designation whether a subject may be credited more than once	No
Group of subjects	Module: Preparation for Work Placement in Healthcare Centres
Structure and total class time	 1.Workload associated with direct participation of academic teachers: tutorials: 15h consultations: 0.5h final test: 1h + 0.5h = 1.5h Total workload involving the direct participation of academic teachers: 17h, which equals 0.68 of an ECTS point. 2.Total student workload: tutorials: 15h (15h in the Centre for Medical Simulation) consultations: 0.5h preparation for tutorials (including required reading of scientific literature): 3.5h preparation for final test: 4.5h final test: 1.5h Total student workload: 25h, which equals 1 ECTS point. 3.Workload associated with research: required reading of scientific literature: 2.5h participation in tutorials (involving the study of selected techniques of medical procedures and relevant research): 8h final test preparation related to research in the field of selected techniques of medical procedures: 2.5h Total student workload associated with research: 13h, which equals 0.52 of an ECTS point.

A. General description of the subject

	 4.Time requirements for preparation and participation in the student assessment process: preparation for final test: 4.5h final test: 1.5h Total student workload associated with preparation and participation in the assessment process: 6h, which equals 0.24 of an ECTS point. 5.Student workload connected to practical skills classes: participation in tutorials (including practical examination): 15h Total student workload associated with practical skills: 15h, which equals 0.6 of an ECTS point.
	6.Time required to complete the obligatory internship: N/A
Learning outcomes: knowledge	W1: Characterizes the principles of asepsis and antisepsis (B K_W30).
	 W2: Describes the rules regarding the collection of biological materials used in diagnostic testing (E K_W37). W3: Characterizes the basic diagnostic techniques used in patient primary care (B K_W30). W4: Discusses selected treatment techniques related to basic nursing procedures (B K_W30).
Learning outcomes: practical	U1: Predicts the possible consequences related to the spread of
skills	 infections (E K_U16). U2: Properly uses protective equipment in order to appropriately provide the needed nursing care (E K_U29). U3: Monitors a patient's basic vital signs by the use of non-invasive methods (E K_U16, E K_U29). U4: Performs peripheral intravenous access (F K_U05). U5: Utilizes selected blood sampling techniques for diagnostic testing (E K_U28, E K_U29). U6: Properly carries out the preparation and administration of medicines (E K_U29). U7: Performs diagnostic procedures related to basic medical care (E K_U16, E K_U29). U8: Performs basic therapeutic procedures such as: ventilation, defibrillation utilizing an AED, and urinary bladder catherization (E K_U29).
Learning outcomes: social skills	K1: Demonstrates the ability to properly solve problems encountered in a variety of situations (K_K04).K2: Takes ownership and responsibility for the quality of the medical care provided (K_K04).
Teaching methods	Tutorials:
	 demonstrations with added instructions development and improvement of practical skills didactic workshops with the use of medical equipment utilization of medical simulation methods (case study of simulated patient)
Prerequisites	Students beginning their education in the subject of selected techniques of medical procedures in primary healthcare should possess a basic understanding of the physiology and anatomy of the cardiovascular system, the respiratory system, and the central nervous system.

Brief description of the subject	The subject of selected techniques of medical procedures in primary healthcare aims to develop skills in basic nursing, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures which are necessary in every-day work of various departments of a multi-specialized hospital.
Complete/Full description of the subject	The tutorials will provide students with the necessary practical skills related to the care of hospitalized patients. These skills will include: the general principles related to the care of hospitalized patients; asepsis and antisepsis; familiarity with the required equipment used in basic nursing, diagnostic and therapeutic procedures; the assessment of basic vital signs; the different routes of administration of various medicines; the implementation of proper therapeutic techniques in basic healthcare.
Literature	Basic literature:Dehn Richard, Asprey David, Essential Clinical Procedures,Elsevier 2013.Supplementary literature:Dougherty Lisa, Lister Sara, West-Oram Alexandra, The RoyalMarsden Manual of Clinical Nursing Procedures, Wiley-Blackwell 2015.
Assessment methods and criteria	Oral test (> 75%): W1 – W4, U1, U3, U6, U7 Practical test - module (> 75%): W1, W2, U1 – U8 Final written test - module (>56%):W1 – W4, U1, U3, U6, U7, U8.
Obligatory internship	Extended observation (> 50%): K1 – K2 Not applicable

B) Description of the subject of the cycle

CATEGORY	DESCRIPTION
Didactic cycle	2018/2019 Summer
Method of assessment	Graded credit as a part of module
Type of classes, length of classes	Tutorials: 15h – practical skills test, pass/fail
and method of assessment	
Subject coordinators	Julita Soczywko, PhD
Subject teachers	Tutorials:
	Dorota Rutkowska, MD
Group of subjects	Obligatory
Student groups and maximum	Tutorials: groups of 6-12 students
number of students in each	
group	
Dates and location of classes	Information provided by CM Department of Didactics
	Location: Centre for Medical Simulation
Number of hours using distance	Nat appliable
learning methods and techniques	Not applicable
Subject website	Not applicable

Learning outcomes of various	Tutorials:
types of classes	W1: Characterizes the principles of asepsis and antisepsis (B
	K_W30).
	W2: Describes the rules regarding the collection of biological
	materials used in diagnostic testing (E K_W37).
	W3: Characterizes the basic diagnostic techniques used in patient minimum and $(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{K}, \mathbf{W}^2)$
	primary care (B K_W30). W4: Discusses selected treatment techniques related to basic
	nursing procedures (B K_W30).
	U1: Predicts the possible consequences related to the spread of
	infections (E K_U16).
	U2: Properly uses protective equipment in order to appropriately
	provide the needed nursing care (E K_U29).
	U3: Monitors a patient's basic vital signs by the use of non- invasive methods (E K_U16, E K_U29).
	U4: Performs peripheral intravenous access (F K_U05).
	U5: Utilizes selected blood sampling techniques for diagnostic testing (E K_U28, E K_U29).
	U6: Properly carries out the preparation and administration of medicines (E K_U29).
	U7: Performs diagnostic procedures related to basic medical care (E K_U16, E K_U29).
	U8: Performs basic therapeutic procedures such as: ventilation,
	defibrillation utilizing an AED, and urinary bladder
	catherization (E K_U29).
	K1: Demonstrates the ability to properly solve problems
	encountered in a variety of situations (K_K04).
	K2: Takes ownership and responsibility for the quality of the medical care provided (K_K04).
Methods and criteria of	-
assessment in each type of class	Practical test - module ($>75\%$): W1, W2, U1 – U8
	Final written test - module ($> 75\%$): W1, W2, 01 - 00 Final written test - module ($> 56\%$):W1 - W4, U1, U3, U6,
	U7, U8.
	Extended observation (> 50%): K1 – K2
Range of topics	Topics of tutorials:
	 Prevention of infection. Treatment with medications administered via different routes.
	 Required procedures of peripheral intravenous access.
	 Acquired procedures of peripheral inflavenous access. The collection of biological materials.
	5. Diagnostic techniques used in the field of nursing.
	6. Selected therapeutic methods utilized in patient primary care.
Teaching methods	Tutorials:
	 demonstrations with added instructions
	• development and improvement of practical skills
	• didactic workshops with the use of medical equipment
	• utilization of medical simulation methods (case study of
Litonotuno	simulated patient)
Literature	The same as in part A.